| Student Name; | | Roll No | | Date// | | |
|------------------------------|-----|---------------|--------------|---------------|--|--|
| Class > 2 nd year | | Subject: > Ma | thematics | ➤ Chapter # 7 | | |
| T- Marks: 30 | Tin | ne: 40 mints | Obtain Marks | | | |

| Q#: | Circle the correct option | | 1x7= | :7 | | | | | | |
|-----|---|---------------------------------|------|-----------------------|----------|---|-------------------|--|--|--|
| 1 | If $\overrightarrow{OA} = \overrightarrow{a}$, $\overrightarrow{OB} = \overrightarrow{b}$ then $\overrightarrow{AB} =$ | | | | | | | | | |
| a | \vec{a} - \vec{b} | $\mathbf{b} \vec{a} + \vec{b}$ | c | \vec{b} - \vec{a} | | d | $ec{a}\cdotec{b}$ | | | |
| 2 | $ \cos\alpha\hat{\imath} + \sin\alpha\hat{\jmath} + 0k $ | | | | | | | | | |
| a | 0 b | -1 | c | | 2 | d | 1 | | | |
| 3 | Angle between the vectors $4i + 2j - k$ and $-i + j - 2k$ is | | | | | | | | | |
| a | 30^{0} | b 45° | c | | 90^{0} | d | 60^{0} | | | |
| 4 | If α , β , γ are the direction angle of a vector then $\cos^2\alpha + \cos^2\beta + \cos^2\gamma =$ | | | | | | | | | |
| a | 2 | 0 | С | -1 | | d | 1 | | | |
| 5 | Non-zero vectors \overrightarrow{a} and \overrightarrow{b} are parallel if $\overrightarrow{a} \times \overrightarrow{b} = ;$ | | | | | | | | | |
| a | 0 | b 1 | С | -1 | | d | (a, b) | | | |
| 6 | The triple scalar product of vectors, calculates the volume of; | | | | | | | | | |
| a | Triangle | b Parallelogram | С | tetrahedron | | d | d parallelepiped | | | |
| 7 | $\hat{i} \cdot (\hat{j} \times \hat{j}) = ;$ | | | | | | | | | |
| a | 1 | b i | | c 0 |) | | d 2 | | | |
| Q#2 | Write short answer of following question. 2x7=14 | | | | | | | | | |
| i | Find the unit vector in the direction of $\underline{V} = 2\underline{i} - 3\underline{j}$ | | | | | | | | | |
| ii | Find a vector whose magnitude is 4 and is parallel to $2\underline{i} - 3\underline{j} + 6\underline{k}$ | | | | | | | | | |
| iii | Compute $\underline{b} \times \underline{a}$ if $\underline{a} = 2\underline{i} + \underline{j} - \underline{k}$, $\underline{b} = \underline{i} - \underline{j} + \underline{k}$ | | | | | | | | | |
| iv | Find the value of α so that the vector $\alpha \underline{i} + \underline{j}$, $\underline{i} + \underline{j} + 3\underline{k}$ and $2\underline{i} + \underline{j} - 2\underline{k}$ are coplaner; | | | | | | | | | |
| v | Find the value of α so that the vectors $\alpha i + j$, $i + j + 3k$, and $2i + j - 2k$ are coplanar; | | | | | | | | | |
| vi | If $\vec{v} = 3i - 2j + 2k$, and $\vec{w} = 5i - j + 3k$, then find $ 3\vec{v} + \vec{w} $ | | | | | | | | | |
| vii | Find a vectors whose magnitude is 4 and is parallel to $2i-j$ | | | | | | | | | |
| | 0 # 3 Write detail answer of thes | a magtions | 4+4 | -0 | | | | | | |

- Q#3 Write detail answer of these questions. 4+5=9

 a. If $\vec{a} + \vec{b} + \vec{c} = 0$, then prove that $\vec{a} \times \vec{b} = \vec{b} \times \vec{c} = \vec{c} \times \vec{a}$
 - b. Given force $\vec{F} = 2i + j 3k$ acting at a point A (1,-2, 1) Find the moment of \vec{F} about the point B(2,0,2).