

Student Name;-----	Roll No.....	Date...../...../.....
Class ➤ 2 <sup>nd</sup> year	Subject : ➤ Mathematics	➤ Chapter # 4
T- Marks : 30	➤ Time : 40 mints	Obtain Marks

<b>Q # 1</b>	<b>Circle the correct option</b>	<b>1x7=7</b>
1	The slope intercept form of equation of line is ;	
a	$l = \frac{x}{a} + \frac{y}{b}$	b
	$y = mx + c$	c
	$y = \frac{x}{m} + c$	d
	$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$	
2	Two lines $l_1$ and $l_2$ with slope $m_1$ and $m_2$ are parallel if ;	
a	$m_1 = m_2$	b
	$m_1 = -m_2$	c
	$m_1 m_2 = -1$	d
	$m_1 = \frac{1}{m_2}$	
3	The line $y = 3x$ passes through ;	
a	origin	b
	(4,3)	c
	(3,1)	d
	(0,3)	
4	Distance between (1,2) and (2,1) is ;	
a	$\sqrt{3}$	b
	$\sqrt{5}$	c
	$\sqrt{2}$	d
	7	
5	The perpendicular distance of the line $12x+5y=7$ from the origin is;	
a	$\frac{7}{13}$	b
	$\frac{13}{7}$	c
	$\frac{1}{3}$	d
	13	
6	Slope of the line $2x + y - 3 = 0$ is ;	
a	2	b
	$\frac{2}{3}$	c
	-2	d
	$-\frac{2}{3}$	
7	Midpoint of the of the line segment join $A(-8,3)$ , $B(2,-1)$ is ;	
a	(-6,2)	b
	(10,4)	c
	(-3,1)	d
	(-16,-3)	
<b>Q # 2</b>	<b>Write short answer of following question.</b>	<b>2x7=14</b>
i	Convert the given equation into normal form $15y - 8x + 3 = 0$	
ii	Show that the points $A(3,1)$ , $B(-2,-3)$ and $C(2,2)$ are vertices of an isosceles triangle.	
iii	Find an equation of line through $A(-6,5)$ and having slope 7.	
iv	Convert into two intercept form $2x-4y+11=0$	
v	Find the point that divides the join of $A(-6,3)$ and $B(5,-2)$ in the ratio 2:3 internally.	
vi	Show that the the triangle with vertices $A(1,1)$ , $B(4,5)$ and $C(12,-5)$ is right triangle.	
vii	By means of slopes show that points $A(-1,-3)$ , $B(1,2)$ and $C(2,9)$ are collinear ;	

<b>Q # 3</b>	<b>Write detail answer of these questions.</b>	<b>4+5=9</b>
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- Find the angles of triangle whose vertices are  $A(-5,4)$ ,  $B(-2,-1)$ ,  $C(7,-5)$
- Find the equation of two parallel lines, perpendicular to  $2x - y + 3 = 0$ , such that the product of x- and y- intercepts of each is 3.